## Lesson 1: Let's Think

A packet of sweets contains orange and lemon sweets.

For every 2 orange sweets there are 4 lemon sweets.

What are some of the different amounts of orange and lemon sweets there could be?

## Lesson 1: Let's Apply

In a car park there are $\mathbf{2}$ vans for every $\mathbf{3}$ cars.

There are 27 cars.

## How many vans are there?

## What fraction of the total vehicles are cars?

## Lesson 2: Let's Think

The ratio of girls to boys who attend Art Club is 4 girls for every 3 boys.

There are $\mathbf{2 1}$ children who go to Art Club.

How could you find out how many girls and how many boys there are?

## Lesson 2: Let’s Apply

A shop has $\mathbf{3 5}$ gloves in a box.

The ratio of leather gloves to woollen gloves is 2:5.
How many leather gloves are there?

How many pairs of woollen gloves can be sold?

## Lesson 3: Let's Think

Here is a map of a park.
Each square is 1 cm long.
1 cm on the map represents
3 m in real life.

Asim says, "The playground is
7 cm long."


Rhian says, "The playground is $\mathbf{2 1} \mathbf{~ m}$ long."
Georgia says, "The playground is $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{~ m}$ long."
Who is correct? How do you know?
Can you use the word 'ratio' in your explanation?

## Lesson 3: Let’s Apply

Claire makes a pattern by colouring squares.
She colours 5 red squares for every 6 blue squares.
Claire colours $\mathbf{8 8}$ squares altogether.
How many more blue squares than red squares does she colour?

